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**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
**(Small Entity)***(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))*Docket No.  
S-89,691Total Pages in this Submission  
92**TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS****Box Patent Application**  
**Washington, D.C. 20231**

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

**SINGLE CRYSTAL SCINTILLATOR**

and invented by:

**Kenneth J. McClellan**If a **CONTINUATION APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Which is a:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Which is a:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Enclosed are:

**Application Elements**

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 10 pages and including the following:
  - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
  - b. ☐ Cross References to Related Applications *(if applicable)*
  - c. ☒ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development *(if applicable)*
  - d. ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix *(if applicable)*
  - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
  - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
  - g. ☐ Brief Description of the Drawings *(if drawings filed)*
  - h. ☒ Detailed Description
  - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
  - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Small Entity)

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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## Application Elements (Continued)

3. ☐ Drawing(s) (when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)  
a. ☐ Formal      b. ☐ Informal      Number of Sheets \_\_\_\_\_
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration  
a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)      ☐ Unexecuted  
b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional application only)  
c. ☒ With Power of Attorney      ☐ Without Power of Attorney  
d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche
7. ☐ Genetic Sequence Submission (if applicable, all must be included)  
a. ☐ Paper Copy  
b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy  
c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

## Accompanying Application Parts

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & documents)
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee)
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☒ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449      ☒ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing  
☐ First Class      ☒ Express Mail (Specify Label No.): EG086321375US

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Small Entity)

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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S-89,691

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## Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☒ Small Entity Statement(s) - Specify Number of Statements Submitted: 1
17. ☐ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

## Fee Calculation and Transmittal

### CLAIMS AS FILED

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	10	- 20 =	0	x \$9.00	\$0.00
Indep. Claims	3	- 3 =	0	x \$39.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
BASIC FEE					\$380.00
OTHER FEE (specify purpose)					\$0.00
TOTAL FILING FEE					\$380.00

- ☐ A check in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. **12-2150** as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ Charge the amount of **\$380.00** as filing fee.
- ☒ Credit any overpayment.
- ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

Dated:

June 4, 1999

Samuel J. Borfowsky  
Signature

cc:

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY  
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27 (d)) - NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION**

Docket No.  
S-89,691

Serial No.

Filing Date

Patent No.

Issue Date

Applicant/

Patentee: **Kenneth J. McClellan**

Invention:

**SINGLE CRYSTAL SCINTILLATOR**

I hereby declare that I am an official empowered to act on behalf of the nonprofit organization identified below:

NAME OF ORGANIZATION: **The Regents of the University of California**ADDRESS OF ORGANIZATION: **P.O. Box 1663, LC/BPL, MS D412****Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545**

TYPE OF NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION:

- ☒ University or other Institute of Higher Education
- ☐ Tax Exempt under Internal Revenue Service Code (26 U.S.C. 501(a) and 501(c)(3))
- ☐ Nonprofit Scientific or Educational under Statute of State of The United States of America  
Name of State: \_\_\_\_\_ Citation of Statute: \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Would Qualify as Tax Exempt under Internal Revenue Service Code (26 U.S.C. 501(a) and 501(c)(3)) if Located in The United States of America
- ☐ Would Qualify as Nonprofit Scientific or Educational under Statute of State of The United States of America if Located in The United States of America  
Name of State: \_\_\_\_\_ Citation of Statute: \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby declare that the above-identified nonprofit organization qualifies as a nonprofit organization as defined in 37 C.F.R. 1.9(e) for purposes of paying reduced fees to the United States Patent and Trademark Office regarding the invention described in:

- ☐ the specification to be filed herewith.
- ☒ the application identified above.
- ☐ the patent identified above.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the nonprofit organization with regard to the above identified invention.

If the rights held by the above-identified nonprofit organization are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☒ no such person, concern or organization exists.  
☐ each such person, concern or organization is listed below.

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: William A. Eklund  
 TITLE IN ORGANIZATION: Senior Counsel  
 ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: The Regents of the University of California  
Los Alamos National Laboratory  
P.O. Box 1663, LC/BPL, MS D412  
Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545

SIGNATURE: William A. Eklund DATE: 6/3/99

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY  
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27 (d)) - NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION**

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S-89,691

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Applicant/

Patentee: **Kenneth J. McClellan**

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- ☐ the specification to be filed herewith.
- ☒ the application identified above.
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Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☒ no such person, concern or organization exists.  
☐ each such person, concern or organization is listed below.

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☐ Individual☐ Small Business Concern☐ Nonprofit Organization

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I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING:

William A. Eklund

TITLE IN ORGANIZATION:

Senior Counsel

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING:

The Regents of the University of California  
Los Alamos National Laboratory  
P.O. Box 1663, LC/BPL, MS D412  
Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545

SIGNATURE:

William A. Eklund

DATE:

6/3/99

SINGLE CRYSTAL SCINTILLATOR

Inventors: Kenneth J. McClellan  
2952 Villa St.  
Los Alamos, NM 87544

CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to single crystal scintillators for detecting radiation and more particularly, to single crystal scintillators having the formula  $\text{Lu}_{(2-x-z)}\text{Y}_x\text{Ce}_z\text{SiO}_5$  where  $0.05 \leq x \leq 1.95$  and  $0.001 \leq z \leq 0.02$ . This invention was made with government support under Contract No. W-7405-ENG-36 awarded by the U.S. Department of Energy to The Regents of the University of California. The government has certain rights in the invention.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Transparent single crystal scintillators are used to detect gamma rays, x-rays, cosmic rays, and other types of radiation, and to detect particles having energies of about 1 KeV and above. When radiation is incident on the scintillator, light pulses are generated by the scintillator that may be optically coupled to the photomultiplier tube of a scintillation detector to produce a voltage signal that is related to the number and amplitude of the light pulses received by the photomultiplier tube. Crystal scintillators are used in digital radiography, medical imaging, mineral and petroleum exploration, and other important applications.

A widely used scintillation detector employs the thallium-doped sodium iodide scintillator,  $\text{NaI}(\text{TI})$ ; it has a very high light output (i.e., is a very bright scintillator) in response to radiation and is relatively inexpensive to produce. Scintillation detectors employing  $\text{NaI}(\text{TI})$  are used in logging tools to aid in the location of petroleum deposits.

Inorganic metal oxides are another important group of materials used in scintillation detectors. These include bismuth germanium oxide  $\text{Bi}_4\text{Ge}_3\text{O}_{12}$  (BGO) and cerium-activated oxyorthosilicates, which include cerium-activated gadolinium oxyorthosilicate  $\text{Gd}_{(2-x)}\text{Ce}_x\text{SiO}_5$  (Ce:GSO), cerium-activated lutetium oxyorthosilicate  $\text{Lu}_{(2-x)}\text{Ce}_x\text{SiO}_5$  (Ce:LSO), and cerium-activated yttrium oxyorthosilicate  $\text{Y}_{(2-x)}\text{Ce}_x\text{SiO}_5$  (Ce:YSO). The data in The Table below, which is taken from the papers and patents that follow, summarizes relevant physical properties for  $\text{NaI}(\text{TI})$ , Ce:BGO, Ce:GSO, Ce:LSO, and Ce:YSO. The decay time in nanoseconds refers to the time it takes for a particular scintillator crystal to

luminesce from the excited electronic state, which is the time required before the crystal can respond to additional radiation once it been exposed to sufficient radiation to produce an electronically excited state in the crystal. The reported range of decay times for several entries is likely a result of the difficulty in obtaining consistently uniform incorporation of cerium into the product crystal scintillator during crystal growth. The emission peak wavelength in nanometers refers to the wavelength maximum in the emission spectrum for the particular crystal scintillator.

TABLE 1

Property	Nal(Tl)	BGO	Ce:GSO	Ce:LSO	Ce:YSO
Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	3.67	7.13	6.71	7.4	4.45
Relative light output	100	12	25	75	118
Decay time (ns)	230	300	60	40	40-70
Emission peak wavelength (nm)	410	480	430	420	420
Rugged	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Hygroscopic	Yes	No	No	No	No

U. S. Patent 4,958,080 to C. L. Melcher entitled "Lutetium Orthosilicate Single Crystal Scintillator Detector," which issued on September 18, 1990, describes Ce:LSO.

U. S. Patent 5,025,151 to C. L. Melcher entitled "Lutetium Orthosilicate Single Crystal Scintillator Detector", which issued on June 18, 1991, describes an apparatus that uses the Ce:LSO scintillator of the '080 patent to investigate subsurface earth formations.

"Czochralski Growth of Rare Earth Oxyorthosilicate Single Crystals" by C. L. Melcher et al. was published in J. Crys. Growth, vol. 128, p. 1001-1005, (1993) and describes using the Czochralski crystal growing method to prepare single crystals of Ce:GSO, Ce:LSO, and Ce:YSO.

U. S. Patent 5,660,627 to R. A. Manente et al. entitled "Method of Growing Lutetium Oxyorthosilicate Crystals," which issued on August 26, 1997, describes

an improved Czochralski crystal growth method for growing an LSO crystal that displays substantially uniform scintillation behavior throughout the crystal. Also described is a scintillation detector used with the crystal.

"Physical Processes in Inorganic Scintillators" by P. A. Rodnyi, p. 50, CRC Press, New York, NY (1997), includes data relating to Ce:YSO.

Ideally, a crystal scintillator is inexpensive to produce, has a fast decay time, and is dense, bright, and is a rugged crystal. As The Table clearly demonstrates, the decision to use a particular scintillator involves compromises between the various physical properties. Although NaI(Tl) is a very bright crystal scintillator, it is not dense so that much of the radiation incident on the crystal is not absorbed by the crystal. Due to its hygroscopic nature, NaI(Tl) must be protected from moisture and because it is not rugged, it should not be used in applications where it is subject to fracture. Finally, NaI(Tl) has the relatively long luminescence decay time of over 400 ns.

BGO is almost twice as dense as NaI(Tl) and is a rugged and non-hygroscopic crystal. However, BGO is not as bright a crystal as NaI(Tl) and has an even longer decay time. Ce:GSO is also a dense crystal scintillator and is a brighter crystal than BGO. However, Ce:GSO is not a rugged crystal.

Ce:YSO is a bright, rugged, non-hygroscopic crystal. Importantly, the starting yttrium oxide  $Y_2O_3$  which is used to grow Ce:YSO is relatively inexpensive, about \$20/kg for 99.99% pure  $Y_2O_3$ . Ce:YSO has a melting temperature of about 2000 °C, which is about 150 degrees lower than the melting temperature for Ce:LSO, making fabrication of Ce:YSO easier and less energy demanding than that for Ce:LSO. Unfortunately, Ce:YSO is not a very dense crystal, and decay times as long as 70 ns have been reported for this material.

Of the scintillators listed in The Table, Ce:LSO has the most desirable physical properties; it is a bright, dense, rugged, non-hygroscopic scintillator, and has a short decay time. However, Ce:LSO is extremely expensive, about \$2,000/kg for 99.99% pure material. In addition, the processing temperature for growing Ce:LSO is very high;  $Lu_2O_3$  and LSO melt at temperatures of about 2310

°C and 2150 °C, which adds to the difficulty of growing crystals of growing Ce:LSO.

Efforts to provide oxyorthosilicate scintillators with a broader range of properties have led to the production of cerium-activated single crystal scintillators having compositions that include a variety of lanthanide elements in combination with Gd, Lu, and Y. Examples of these are described in the papers and patents that follow.

"Czochralski Growth of Rare-Earth Orthosilicates ( $\text{Ln}_2\text{SiO}_5$ )" by C. D. Brandle was published in J. Crys. Growth, vol 79, p. 308-315, (1986) and provides an evaluation of the Czochralski method for growing GSO, YSO, and a variety of orthosilicates containing either Gd or Y doped with a lanthanide series element. The reported combinations with Y were YSO doped with Ce, Pr, Nd, Sm, Gd, Tb, Er, Tm, and Yb. The reported combinations with Gd were GSO doped with Ce and Tb.

"Czochralski Growth and Characterization of  $(\text{Lu}_{1-x}\text{Gd}_x)_2\text{SiO}_5$ " by G. B. Loutts et al. entitled was published in J. Crys. Growth, vol. 174, p. 331-336, (1997), and describes single crystal oxyorthosilicate scintillators having both Lu and Gd.

U. S. Patent 4,647,781 to K. Takagi et al. entitled "Gamma Ray Detector," which issued on March 3, 1987, describes a cerium-activated oxyorthosilicate scintillator having both Gd and Y and/or La. These scintillators have the general formula  $\text{Gd}_{2(1-x-y)}\text{Ln}_{2x}\text{Ce}_{2y}\text{SiO}_5$  where Ln is yttrium and/or lanthanum, where  $0 \leq x \leq 0.5$ , and  $1 \times 10^{-3} \leq y \leq 0.1$ .

U. S. Patent 5,264,154 to S. Akiyama et al. entitled "Single Crystal Scintillator," which issued on November 23, 1993, describes a single crystal scintillator and apparatus for prospecting underground strata using the scintillator. The single crystal scintillator is a cerium-doped oxyorthosilicate having the general formula  $\text{Gd}_{2-(x+y)}\text{Ln}_x\text{Ce}_y\text{SiO}_5$  wherein Ln is Sc, Tb, Lu, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, or Yb,  $0.03 \leq x \leq 1.9$ , and  $0.001 \leq y \leq 0.2$ .

Clearly, it is desirable to provide an affordable crystal scintillator having the most desirable properties for a particular application.

Therefore, an object of this invention is to provide an oxyorthosilicate crystal scintillator that can be used to detect gamma rays, x-rays, and the like.

Another object of the invention is to provide a crystal scintillator having excellent physical properties at a reasonable cost.

Additional objects, advantages and novel features of the invention will be set forth in part in the description which follows, and in part will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon examination of the following or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objects and advantages of the invention may be realized and attained by means of the instrumentalities and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

To achieve the foregoing and other objects, and in accordance with the purposes of the present invention as embodied and broadly described herein, the invention includes a transparent single crystal scintillator of cerium-activated lutetium yttrium oxyorthosilicate having the general formula  $\text{Lu}_{(2-x-z)}\text{Y}_x\text{Ce}_z\text{SiO}_5$ , wherein  $0.05 \leq x \leq 1.95$  and  $0.001 \leq z \leq 0.02$ .

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention includes a single crystal scintillator containing lutetium and yttrium and having the general formula  $\text{Lu}_{(2-x-z)}\text{Y}_x\text{Ce}_z\text{SiO}_5$  where  $0.05 \leq x \leq 1.95$  and  $0.001 \leq z \leq 0.02$ . The invention also includes a scintillation detector for detecting gamma rays, x-rays, and the like using the crystal scintillator. The crystal scintillators of the present invention were grown using two conventional crystal growing processes: (1) the "Optical Float Zone" method, and (2) the "Czochralski" method. The starting oxide materials used were  $\text{Lu}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{CeO}_2$ ,  $\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3$ , and  $\text{SiO}_2$ , and each had a purity of 99.99%.

A crystal of the present invention was grown by the optical float zone method by first blending  $\text{Lu}_2\text{O}_3$  (71.4487 g),  $\text{CeO}_2$  (0.1721 g),  $\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3$  (4.5049 g), and  $\text{SiO}_2$  (12.0169 g) in a mixer/mill for 30 minutes to give the composition  $\text{Lu}_{1.7955}\text{Y}_{0.1995}\text{Ce}_{0.0050}\text{SiO}_{5.0025}$ . The blended powder was loaded into a latex cold isostatic pressing (CIP) tube and pressed to about  $7000 \text{ N/cm}^2$  for about 5 minutes. The resulting pressed rods were fired at about  $1100^\circ\text{C}$  for about 8

hours to impart additional mechanical stability. After cooling, the rods were mounted in a dual halogen optical float-zone crystal growth furnace using platinum wire for fixturing. A single crystal was grown at a rate of about 2.0-2.5 mm/hr under flowing air using a seed crystal of Ce:LSO and standard float zone procedures. A stable molten zone was established between the seed crystal and the feed rod, which were counter-rotated at 45-60 rpm and passed through the hot zone.

The measured light output of the above single crystal of the present invention indicated that the crystal was as bright as Ce:LSO crystals made by the same crystal growing process. The measured crystal density of  $7.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$ , which is identical to the density calculated by rule of mixtures, was only slightly lower than the reported density of  $7.4 \text{ g/cm}^3$  for Ce:LSO. The measured peak emission wavelength for the single crystal of the present invention was 420 nm.

A larger crystal having the same powder blend composition as the first was grown using the Czochralski method, which is discussed in the 1986 paper to D. C. Brandle et. al. as previously described. About 320 g of starting oxide powder was blended and charged into an iridium crucible. Under a nitrogen atmosphere and using an iridium seed rotated at about 30 rpm, a 15-mm diameter single crystal was grown at a crystal growth rate of 1.5 mm/hr. The crystal was dense, bright, non-hygroscopic and rugged. The measured luminescence decay for this crystal was about 35-45 ns. For comparison, a crystal of Ce:LSO were grown by the Czochralski method. Less power was required to grow the crystal of the present invention than to grow the Ce:LSO crystal.

The optical float zone method was also used to grow additional crystals of the present invention, which included crystals from the starting blended oxide powders  $\text{Lu}_{1.1970}\text{Y}_{0.7980}\text{Ce}_{0.0050}\text{SiO}_{5.0025}$  and  $\text{Lu}_{0.9975}\text{Y}_{0.9975}\text{Ce}_{0.0050}\text{SiO}_{5.0025}$ .

The crystal scintillators of the present invention can be used in a scintillation detector. To provide the scintillation detector, the crystal scintillator is optically coupled to a photodetector, which produces an electrical signal in response to light produced from the crystal scintillator in response to gamma rays, x-rays, and the like radiation incident upon the crystal scintillator. A wide

variety of photodetectors can be used, such as photomultiplier tubes, photodiodes, microchannel plates, charge-coupled devices such as video cameras, etc. The crystal can be coupled to the photodetector by any of a variety of well-known coupling mechanisms or devices such as optical fibers,  
5 lenses, mirrors, grease, etc.

The foregoing description of the invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description and is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed, and obviously many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teaching. The  
10 embodiments were chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical application to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention in various embodiments and with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated. It is intended that the scope of the invention be defined by the claims appended hereto.

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A crystal scintillator comprising a transparent single crystal of cerium-activated lutetium yttrium oxyorthosilicate having the general formula

$\text{Lu}_{(2-x-z)}\text{Y}_x\text{Ce}_z\text{SiO}_5$ , wherein  $0.05 \leq x \leq 1.95$  and  $0.001 \leq z \leq 0.02$ .

2. The crystal scintillator of claim 1, wherein  $0.2 \leq x \leq 1.8$ .

3. The crystal scintillator of claim 2, wherein said scintillator has a luminescence wavelength of about 420 nm.

4. The crystal scintillator of claim 3, wherein said scintillator has a luminescence decay time of about 35-45 ns.

5. A scintillation detector, comprising:

(a) the crystal scintillator of claim 1, and

(b) photodetector optically coupled to said crystal scintillator for detecting light from said crystal scintillator.

6. The detector of claim 5, wherein said photodetector comprises a photomultiplier tube.

7. The detector of claim 5, wherein said photodetector comprises a charge-coupled device.

8. A scintillation detector, comprising:

(a) the crystal scintillator of claim 2, and

(b) a photodetector optically coupled to said crystal scintillator for detecting light from said crystal scintillator.

9. The detector of claim 8, wherein said photodetector comprises a photomultiplier tube.

10. The detector of claim 8, wherein said photodetector comprises a charge-coupled device.

## ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to single crystal scintillators and includes a transparent single crystal of cerium-activated lutetium yttrium oxyorthosilicate having the general formula  $\text{Lu}_{(2-x-z)}\text{Y}_x\text{Ce}_z\text{SiO}_5$ , wherein  $0.05 \leq x \leq 1.95$  and  
5  $0.001 \leq z \leq 0.02$ . The crystal scintillator of the present invention is dense, bright, rugged, and non-hygroscopic and has a relatively short decay time for luminescence. The invention also includes a scintillation detector using the crystal scintillator, which produces an electrical signal in response to light received from the crystal scintillator upon exposure to gamma rays, x-rays, and  
10 the like.

Docket No.

S-89,691

# Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

**SINGLE CRYSTAL SCINTILLATOR**

the specification of which

(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Number)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Country)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Day/Month/Year Filed)

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\_\_\_\_\_  
(Number)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Country)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Day/Month/Year Filed)

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(Number)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Country)

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(Day/Month/Year Filed)

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I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application Serial No.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)


I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. *(list name and registration number)*

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